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IN FULLNESS AND ACCURACY NEWS, our paper will compare favorably it! hest in the entire country; and in saying we only repeat the expressions of many patrons, who are most capable of ludging in

In the Political Interests of the People,

The UNION AND DISPATCH, as bereto fore, will take the Constitution and laws for its guide; and in the discussion of all the new and intricate questions and launes arising out of the extraordinary condition in which the country i placed, it will adhere to the principles an teachings of the founders and expositors of our government and institutions. It will endeavor to guard with vigilance and defend with unwavering earnestness and faith the rights and intests of all the States, and the essential princiles which constitute the basis of the Republic. We shall oppose all invasions of these, and aphold, to the utmost of our ability, the union of the States under them. Feeling that they

re endangered by the revolutionary achemes of Radical politicians who now hold the Legisative power of the Government, we shall abate othing of our past opposition to their meacure With these views, which are no less than samound convictions, we cannot and will not hesitate to defend the anfortunate South the asversions and impositions heapen upo t people, and arge that Justice and Right shall meted out o them.

Our Manufacturing and Domestic Intereis.

We shall constantly admonish the Southern people to be self-rollent, and shall do what we may be able to induce the establishment manufactories in our midst for our home products. To this end we will pay special attention to the cost and statistics of manufacturing, and exert surselves to encourage the diversitieation of Southern industries and the development of Southern recourses.

Our Financial and Commercial Column.

Every department of business has an imme diste interest in the markets of the country, and in its financial fluctuations and condition. The man who falls to keep himself properly advised as to the rise and fall of the markets, as controlled by the laws of demand and supply, and the relative condition of the currency, i exposed to constant loss, and must necessarily tall behind his more intelligent and enterprising neighbors. In order to make our paper valuable as well as interesting, we shall continue to make this a special Prayure. Our Daily Market Reports, domestic and foreign, by telegraph, and our City Reports, gotten up at heavy expense, have challenged the commendation of our hest businessmen; while our current Finanrial Reports from all the leading money centre of the country are fuller than have ever published by any other ingenal in Tennessee,

Joon the Subject of Agriculture And kindred topics, we shall also give an extensive variety of valuable and interesting mattar-the best adapted to the farming classes or our State, which will, in a great measure, supply the place of a family agricultural paper.

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And for the special pleasure and profit of the roung, each week we will give a general literary and religious miscellany. Nothing shall find its way into our columns unfit for the perusal the mothers and daughters of the land. Depreexting the demoralizing sensationalism of many contemporary journals, we shall eschew that character striving to give the reader substantial matter, preferring to be upeful rather than

Decisions of the Supreme Court.

in view o the necessities of the legal profession, and the general public interest attaching to the many new questions coming before our udicial tribunals, we will publish all the important decisions of the Supreme Court, from official sources, which may be relied upon as entirely trustworthy.

REDUCTION OF RATES

We are gratified at being able to state that the very large increase in the number of our Daily and Tri-Weekly subscribers enables us to reduce the price of subscription to these editions We do so the more cheerfully because the necesitias of the people, in the impoverished condition of our stricken section, requires such concassions as can be reasonably made in their interests. From and after the 1st January, there-

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DALLY TRI-WEEKLY SPECIAL STREET

us ten subscribers to either of the editions.

dally with that or any other committee in And for shorter periods at the same rates. regard to it any longer." We carnettly appeal to our friends to at in extending our circulation; and in thereby inreasing our means of usefulness. A copy of Lord Stanley will soon succeed Earl Derpaper will be sent gratuitously to any one by at the head of the Ministry.

NASHVILLE UNION AND DISPATCH.

VOL. XXXIV---NO. 61.

NASHVILLE, TENN., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1868.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Union and Dispatch.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1868. Largest Circulation in City and State.

STEVENS AND IMPEACHMENT. How the Chost was Laid-The "Great Commoner" in a Rage - Stevens' Opinion of the President, General Grant and the "Republican Cow." ards."

At the meeting of the Reconstruction Committee on the 13th inst., Mr. Thad. Stevens stated in very strong language that the investigation by the sub-committee had gone far enough, and that there were plenty of proven charges whereupon Mr. Johnson could be impeached, and it was his (Stevens') conviction that he should be impeached without further palayer. Mr. Stevens then laid before the committee the following resolutions:

The Committee on Reconstruction, to whom was referred the correspondence of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, and U. S. Grant, the General commanding the armies of the United States, having considered the same and the evi dence do report that, in virtue of the powers with which your committee has been invested, they have fully examined the evidence before them, and are of opinion that Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, is guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors, and therefore, they recom-mendate adoption of the following resolu-

Resolved, That Andrew Johnson, President of the United State, be impeached of high crimes and misdemeanors. Resolved, That a committee go to the Senate, and at the bar thereof, in the name of the House of Representatives and of all

the people of the United States, do impeach Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, of high crimes and misdemeanors, and acquaint the Senate that the House of Representatives will in due time exhibit particular articles of impeachment against him and make good the same. Resolved, That said committee do de mand that the Senate take order for the appearance of the said Andrew Johnson, 10

answer to said impeachment. After some discussion, Mr. Bingham moved to lay the resolutions upon the table, which motion was concurred in by

the following vote: Yeas, -Bingham, Beaman, Paine, Hulburd, Brooks and Beck-6. Nays.-Stevens, Boutwell and Farns-

Those voting to lay on the table are all Republicans except Brooks and Beck. The Washington correspondent of the

New York Tribunc says : Before the vote was taken, Mr. Paine, who voted for impeachment last year, attempted to dodge the question in committee, and moved toward the door to leave that because a political party choose to rob, the room. Mr. Stevens, observing his movements, said, shaking his finger at him, "Paine, come back; you have got to face the music. Go on either the one side or the other." Paine hesitated, and then Stevens said, "Clerk, put him down against impeachment," and Mr. Paine was so registered. When the vote had been declared, Mr. Stevens said: "Sir, the Republican party has been killed to day by the action of this committee at the instance of Gen. Grant and his friends. I have found that for the last two or three days, the men who shout the loudest and throw their hats the highest for U. S. Grant, have been using every exertion to demoralize Mr. Bingham

and the other members of this committee who were supposed to favor impeachment, that Grant has been using his influence everywhere to defeat the schume, and that Andrew Johnson has to thunk him that he remains andisturbed in the White House. I have been in public life for forty years, and though I do not pretend to any gift of prophecy, I have seldom been mistaken in my political predictions. I tell you that to-day's cowardly action will cost us New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and probably three or four more of the Northern States. It was all to no purpose. The killing of impeachment had been determined on before the committee met, and the words of Mr. Stevens could not alter the fixed opinions of the committee. After the vote, the tembers dropped out, and after they had one, Messra. Stevens, Farnsworth and

Boutwell held a meeting, and talked over the course they had best pursue. In answer to propositions to revive impeachment in another shape, and bring it before the House, Mr. Stevens said: "We had better stop just where we are. There is no use in making ourselves ridiculous before the ountry, and trying to get up an excitenent, and when we come to the point flying the track." This was the conclusion which the committee arrived at, to let im-

After impeachment had been strangled by the full committee, the correspondent of the New York World had an interview with Mr. Stevens, which he reports as

peachment rest, at least for the present.

"Tll say this," proceeded Mr. Stevens, not particularly for publication. And et," he continued, "I'don't object to your publishing anything I say, I'll say this, the whole question of impeachment lies almost in a nutshell. As to the first part of the Grant and Johnson correspondence (Johnson's letters I chiefly allude to),] consider that there is enough evidence to impeach a dozen men. The main point is, was the President guilty or not guilty of a violation or an attempted violation of the tenure of office act? He is explicit enough himself on this subject. Although he states in one place that he did not remove Stanton and put Grant in with any reference to the tenure of office act, but upon the authority granted him by the constitu tion, what is to be said in his defense for his requiring Grant, as they both agree in all their letters, to arrange with him (John-

son) to keep Stanton out of office against the withofthe Senate? The Senate had confirmed the tenure of office law. What right had a President to deny, defy, or seek to disobey or circumvent that law ' Damn it, don't both the President and Gen. Grant subscribe to this vital fact, that Grant had at least considered, and that Johnson had insisted upon, the proposition that Grant should help Johnson to keep Stanton out of office any way, notwithstanding the tenure of office act? If this direct attempt of the President to violate a law made by the Congress of the United States doesn't ren-

"I am, as you see, Mr. Stevens, only a respectful listener." "Well, then, there's the whole thing; it's as simple as day. What the devil do I care about the question of veracity, as they call it, between Johnson and Grant? That's nothing to do with the law. Both of them may call each other liars if they want to, perhaps they both do lie a little, or let us say, equivocate, though the President certainly has the weight of evidence on his side." *

"Well, were you disappointed in the vote this morning by the committee?" "Not a bit, sir. I know all the cowards in this Congress. Long experience has enabled me to black mark every one of them, damn them !"

"What, then, is at last your opinion on the question whether Mr. Johnson will ever be impeached?" "Sir," said Mr. Stevens, with a bitter smile, "I shall never bring up this question of impeachment again. I am not going to

It is generally believed in London that

THE RECENT SUPREME COURT DE-CISION.

The press, of both political sides, taking the telegraphic synopsis of the recent decision of the Supreme Court, discussed its intendment and effect. It was generally agreed that the court had virtually decided that it had no power to review the constitutionality of the reconstruction laws, and that the case of Mc Cardle and all others thought to affect that question had been summarily disposed of. We ventured to express a different opinion and still adhere to it, and, in this view, we are sustained by the New York World and the National In-

The first named paper after citing a pertinent extract from Judge Nelson's

"He is very far from saving that the cance of and pass upon the constitution ality of these reconstruction acts. But in order to entitle a party to be protected from these acts, there must be an appropriate case presented to the court; there must be right of person or property involved. In the case just decided, the petition presented no question of individual liberty or private property infringed or in danger of infringement. All reference to such things in the petition was not as specific ground of relief, but only as illustration of what would or might happen if the State of Georgia were destroyed. In a word, the petition and its prayers were purely political from begin-

ning to end. But let a petitioner be daly before the court, whose life is threatened or property put in jeopardy by some person acting under color of these reconstruction acts; let his prayers for relief be correctly framed to raise the constitutionality of those acts, and then there will be not a political but judicia Equestion, under our system, of which the court will take cognizance. An honest, not a bogus case of life or property, will not be turned out of court, if its ap-

pellate power reaches it. The Intelligencer says

The language of that opinion, delivered by Judge Nelson, is coupled with excep-tions which seem especially applicable to the case of McCardle. Let it be remembered that McCardle was deprived of his liberty by the military commander o Mississippi, and that thereupon a writ habeas corpus was sued out in his behalf be fore the United States Circuit Judge. By this judge he was remanded to the custody of the military authorities, and from this decision he appeals to the United States Supreme Court. Held by color of a United States statute, he applies for a relief to a Federal Court. Shall it be said that he has no remedy before any civil court, either State or Federal, but must languish in prison, or submit to any punishment that his captors choose to inflict? The court so far has not turned its back upon his prayer by refusing jurisdiction. It is abourd to say

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES. The expenditures of the government for he next fiscal year-July 1, 1868, to June 30, 1869—are thus indicated by the House

Committee of Appropriations: \$83,082,093 Interest \$130,000,000 18,096,045 Executive 17,119,478 30,030,000 Postoffice 2,000,000 Diplomatic 303,000 Miscel'ou \$958,912,050

taid bounty balances, act 1800.... Grand total, fivest year 1859. \$275,079,050 The following are the figures since July 1865, in comparison with the gold interat charge upon the funded public debt, to the support of which these revenues are first specifically pledged. It will be seen that they have nearly doubled the interest n gold actually paid out :

Fiscal year. Customs, Gold Interest. Surplus, June 30, 56, \$179,046,000 \$64,000,000 \$115,046,000 June 30, 67, \$176,418,000 90,000,000 \$5,418,000 June 30, 68, \$163,382,000 \$110,000,000 58,382,000 Total 3 y re, \$518,846,000 \$264,000,000 \$254,846,000 June 20, 769, 175,000,000 118,000,000 57,000,000 Four years, 8695,846,000 \$382,000,000 \$311,846,000

"First quarter, \$48,082,000; Secretary's esti-nate for other three quarters, \$115,3000,000. In the next fiscal year the gold interest charge upon the funded debt will probably be \$118,000,000 on \$1,500,000,000 United States 5-20s; 6 per cent, on \$300,000,000 United States 6 per cents of 1881 and Navy Pension Fund, and 5 per cent, on \$200, 000,000 United States 10-40s and old 5 per

The New York World of the 13th inst. gives the following, which shows the drift

of events: Still they come. Of course! Three Democratic victories in one day will do. Not that they are so great in point of num-bers, but they indicate unmistakably the drift of popular sentiment. Elections were held on Tuesday in Binghampton, Ogdensborg, and Erwin, all in this State, which resulted in victories for the Democrats, though each place has long been a Radical stronghold. Here are the figures of the

Dem. Dem. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. 28 28 39 Ogdensburg..... Erwin

majorities in each place in 1864, 1866, 1867

This table shows that each of the towns returned handsome. Radical majorities in 1864 and 1866; that two of them did the ame in 1867; while the third substituted a Democratic majority of 15 for a Radical one of 72; and on Tuesday last every one was carried by the Democrats. A similar change throughout the State will give us 00,000 majority for our Presidential candidate. Friends, let us try for it!

THE convention engaged in revising the onstitution of the State of New York, has nearly completed its labors. The Democrats want to have the new draft submitted in detached fragments. They say that the constitution as a whole will be defeated by 10,000 majority, and they desire to have some of the pieces. They claim that the THREE TOBACCO SCREWS, PRESSES articles on the judiciary and the canals will be adopted if submitted separately, der him liable to be impeached, what does" and they are willing to let the rest go. The majority will consent to separately submit the clause of abolishing the property qualification of negro voters, but are not disposed to concede anything further, so that the remainder of the new constitution will stand or fall together.

THE Brookville (Indiana) Democrat, in its notice of the late Republican Convention in Franklin county, in that State,

"The Republican County Convention, held at the courthoune in this place on Saturday last, repudiated Congress and the leaders of their party, and mounted the Pendleton pony, and came out under whip and spur for the redemption of the government bonds in greenbacks. There was some quirming among a few who owned various sunts of untaxable government securities, but they had already read the handwriting on the wall, and quietly submitted well knowing the fate that awaited them is by word or deed they attempted to defeat the passage of the resolution favoring the greenback issue. It was a laughable scene, which was highly appreciated by the large number of Democrats who were present."

THE SPRING TERM OF THIS INSTITUtion will commence on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, and continue until the third Thursday of June.

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.

MONDAY, Feb. 17, 1868. - Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Huntington.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS. Mr. Gafner: A bill proposing an amendment to the constitution, in substance the same as the present franchise law, with the exception that it only disfranchises those who have held office in the Confederate army. Referred to the Committee on the

Mr. Keith: A bill authorizing the sale Mr. Rodgers: A bill to amend the law mortgage, so that mortgagee, in default of payment, becomes the owner in fee simple, without process of law, the rate of interest in mortgages to be agreed upon and inserted in the mortgage. Passed first reading and referred to the Committee on

SENATE BILLS ON THIRD READING. An act to do justice to defendants and to prevent packed juries. Rejected. An act to permanently fix the fees of

Adjourned to 10 A. M., to-morrow.

House of Representatives. Mr. Doughty offered a resolution reciting hat the term of office of Judge Thomas Barry will expire in May next, and that the people of his circuit, if he then aspires to re-election, will have an opportunity to and further reciting the expense of pro-ceeding against him by the House, and dismissing such proceedings from the further consideration of the House.

Senate resolution instructing the Committee on the Penitentiary to inquire and

report what sum or sums of money the lessees of the penitentiary have paid over to the Directors thereof, from convict labor, since the first of January. Concurred in. The House having resolved to make House bill to amend the revenue laws of the State the special order for each day at mitted by Shantung rebels. 2 P. M., until finally disposed of on its third reading, the same was taken up by sections in detail. The first section of the bill being under

consideration, Mr. Mason offered an amendment striking out 40 cents and inserting 30 cents as the rate of taxation upon each \$100 of property. Lost. Mr. Agee moved to strike out \$1 50 and 51 as the rate of poll tax.

Mr. Taylor, of Perry and Decator, moved to reconsider the vote rejecting the amendment of Mr. Mason, striking out forty cents and inserting thirty cents, as the rate of tax on property. The vote was re-

Mr. Mynatt offered an amendment in lieu of the amendment of Mr. Mason, striking out forty cents and inserting twenty-five cents. Laid on the table. Mr. Turner moved an amendment, lieu of the amendment of Mr. Mason, striking out forty cents and inserting thir-

ty-five cents. Laid on the table. The question recurring upon the amendnent offered by Mr. Mason, the same was Mr. Bosson offered an amendment in reor take away life or property by pretended ation to insurance companies. Adopted. forms of law, that the question in the case

Pending further action on the bill, the of an injured individual is a political one, Honse adjourned till 9 o'clock to-morrow and must not be entertained. The Supreme Court have not promulgated any such opin-

GREAT DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN NEW ORLEANS. Special to the Louisville Courier-

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 15 .- The St. Charles Cheater is crowded to overflowing to-night the mass meeting of the people, called under the auspices of the Democratic State Central Executive Committee. Judge J. N. Lea, formerly of the Supreme Court, and recently appointed by Hancock to the City Council, presides. The list of Vice Presidents, numbering six hundred, comprises the name of nearly every influential man of New Orleans. Hail Columbia being played by the orchestra, was received with enthusiasm. Resolutions have been adopted as follows:

First-Recognizes the pressing necessity f a political organization in alliance with the Democrats of the country and antagonistic to Radicalism. Second-Ratifies the call for a State Democratic Convention on March 5th, for

choosing delegates to the National Demoeratic Convention. Third-Recommends ward and parish Fourth-Congratulates and thanks the

Democracy of the North upon their recent necesses, and for their efforts on behalf of constitutional liberty. Fifth-Expresses gfatitude to Andrew Johnson, General Hancock, and the leaders of the Democratic party, for resistance to the encroachments of partisan ambition.

The names of the President and Gens.

Hancock and Sherman were loudly cheered. Four thousand persons are present. THE Oxford coal vein lies under a part of Scranton, Pennsylvania, and the coal having been removed, the props left standing are quite insufficient to sustain the weight resting upon them. Ten or twelve days ago the wells suddenly gave out, and the next evidence of the giving way of the earth was the leaning of the buildings, especially those of brick. Two brick

cracked through the center, and a number of houses are in danger of falling. NOLENSVILLE NURSERY

churches are already injured, one of them

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MAGEY & BROWN, Agents.

jun19 dlt wom Shelby Female Institute.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NOON DISPATCHES.

CHINA. Burlingame-Drowning of Admiral Bell-Great Slaughter of Chinese Re-San Francisco, Feb. 16 .- Shanghai advices of January 17th state that Burlin game, the Chinese Ambassador, leaves

China for San Francisco on the 25th of February. His suite consists of thirty per sons, including J. McLeary Brown, late Chinese Secretary of British Legation, first Secretary; E. Duchamps, who accompanied him to Europe last year, second Secre tary; and two Chinese officials of the highest rank. They will proceed as novints with a retinue by imperial decree. Burlingame is placed at the head of the missiod, and has letters of credence to each of the treaty powers, signed for the first time by the Emperor himself. The mission is to be permanent as soon as the Chinese officials fit themselves for diplomatic duties, and will be made residents of China, as the

greatest step taken in advance by the Em-Admiral Bell, of the United States navy was drowned at the mouth of Osaka river on the 11th of January. The month of the river is closed by a frightful bar. The Admiral had been waiting several days to cross; he finally started, accompanied by flag Lieutenant Reed and thirteen men from the Hartford, to go to Osaka; while crossing the bar the boat capsized, drown-ing all but three sailors. The bodies were recovered and buried near the mouth of the Osaka river.

Pekin advices state that the Rebels and mounted robbers have been slaughtered in great numbers, and no danger whatever of the capital being captured. In Shantung thirty thousand rebels were killed. The Imperial troops are everywhere victorious. Some horrible barbarities have been com-A terrible earthquake occurred in For-

mosa Island. Thirty thousand lives were

Foreign News. LONDON, Feb. 17 .- The Herald's special says: Advices from the headquarters of the British army, in Abyssinia, say King Theadore is at his camp near the palace of Magdale, where the English captives are confined. The Abyssinis monarch is said to be in had straight, in a military point of view. An engagement between the two armies is imminent, and very likely to take place at any moment. Few of the disaffected native chiefs now asknowledge uny fealty to King Theodore.

The Chief Kasser, ruler of the Tigra dis trict, will openly courts favor of Maj. Gen. Napier. Gen. Napier fears this chief, whose political character had aims at making a secret attack on him, and consequently aims to affect a treaty of allegiance with him, so as to hold him answerable for his future acts. Thirty thousand British troops, of all

lasses, have been landed at Zoula The advance of the Queen's army reached within two days march of Antala, half way toward Magdala, from a short line, where it is very probable the expected battle wiil take place. The Egyptians, with a contingent em

bracing many Turks are very near to Magdala, but they use no caution, and still march on in a reckless manner without the sanction of superior officers. The English army in the interior num bers about twenty thousand. The Herald's advices from Japan via-

San Francisco, contain the following: One of the Tycoon's palaces, at Jeddo, was burned down by Satzumas' men, who aftewards lost one of his own. There was a severe fight, and official reports give 300 killed and wonnded of Satrumas' men and 60 of the government troops. The con tending parties afterwards had a naval engugement in count of Yokohoms, when Sachin sud Las surrenorma Satzumas, their troops. The Tycoon's and Satzumas' troops are now fighting in the streets of Jeddo. Satzumas' palace was burned on the night of the 20th of January. Four hundred men were burned in it. The native town was on fire in four places on the night of the 20th of January, but was fortunately extinguished before serious dam age was done. Foreigners have been ordered by their Consuls not to go outside of the settlement. A terrible mortality exists among the foreigners at Hiago, twenty four having died in as many days. Every-

TENNESSEE

thing is quiet at Oanka.

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STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

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Hartford Fire Insurance COMPANY, On the 31st Day of Becember, 1887, Made to the Comptroller of the State

First. The name of this Company is THE HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY, and is located at Hartford, Connect

CAPITAL. Second. The amount of Capital Stock THEN. The amount of Capital Stock paid up is 1,000,000 co ASSETS.

FOURTH. Cash on hand and in Bank and Cash Items Cash in hands of Asents . \$36,411.76 and in course of trans-Bills receivable for loans, secured by Bond and Mortgage, (first liens,) 104,494 54 Real Estate unencum-bered. Rents and interest ac-

crued, payable Jan 1, 4,099 87 litoka and Bonds, as per schedule filed schedule filed ... LIABILITIES tweet Liabilities to Banks or others, due or not due and due Savanta. Loures either

unadjusted or Etgars. Adjusted and 167,356-18 NINTH Losses in sus-pense, awaiting fur-ther proof TENTH, All other claims against the Company, dividends unpaid 144 00-167,500 21

MISCELLANEOUS. ELEVENTH. The greatest amount insured in any one risk is \$20,000, except in special cases. flight hundred of which are cleared and in a high state of cultivation. The entire place is under an excellent fence, with good substantial gates to every field and woods lot. The unimproved land is finely set in him graces, and siltogether it is one of the most desirable cotton or stock farms in Middle Tennessee. Said farms will be reguled them proved the terms for one. TWELFTH. The amount insured in any one city, town or village depends upon its size and how built. TRINTEENTH. The amount incured in any one block depends as above. FOURTHEATH. Certified copy of charter of the Company, as filed herestolore.

FIFTERNYH. General power of Attorney for Agents to accept service of process presionally lied.

GEORGE L. CHASE, President-GEORGE M. COIT, Secretary. STATE OF CONNECTICUT.) -January 8th, 1868, personally appeared George Chase, President, and George M. Cuit, Sec-etary of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company, retary of the Hartford Fire Interact company and made oath that the foregoing statement by them subscribed is a true, full and correct state-ment of the affairs of said Company, and ex-hibits, so far as can be ascertained at this data, its actual condition on the thirty first day of Vaccounty 1867. Before me. December, 1 GEO. SUMNER, Notary Public. STATE OF TENNESSEE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE. NASHVILLE, January 12, 1868-

I. G. W. Blackburn, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Hartford Fire Insurance Company, located at Hartford, in the State of Connecticut, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has company to the laws of factory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of
the State of Tennessee. Imposed on Insurance
Companies, and I further certify that H. C.
Ross, Agent of said Company, has also complied
with the requirements of the laws of the State,
made and provided in such cases. Wherefore,
said Hurtford Fire Insurance Company has
authority to take risks and transact business of
insurance in this State, at Nashville, Tenn.

G. W. BLACKBURN.

Comptroller of Tennessee. Comptroller of Tennessee.

H. C. ROSS, Agent, Office corner Union and Cherry streets, in Bank of Tennessee Building. jan 31 Sw janili Sw Middle District of Tennessee. THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVES notice of his appointment as Assignee of the firm of harger & Hisschberg, E. W. Morgan and Saul Samuels, of Nashville, in the county of Davidson and State of Tennessee, within taid District, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petitions, by the District Court of said District.

A. S. CHADBOURNE, Assignee, jan18 lawst*

Office, 32% Church street.

BANKING HOUSE

GOLD AND SILVER. THOS. S. MARR Prest

L. G. TARBOX, Casn'r. DEPOSITS RECEIVED, LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Interest Allowed on Deposits COLLECTIONS MADE, And a General Banking Business

Transacted.

the United States.

IT IS NON-EXPLOSIVE!

IT EMITS NO ODOR!

AMPS, CHANDELIERS.

BRACKET LAMPS,

HANGING LAMPS.

KITCHEN LAMPS,

ROBERT HAILBY, 353 South Summer street.

L. D. WHEELER, 354 South College street.

(Botween Cherry and College.)

NORTH NASHVILLE

PLANING MILL,

RICH & KRIEG,

Carpenters and Builders.

orner Summer, Madison and Cherry

Streets, Nashville, Tenn.

PHŒNIX .

NASHVILLE, TENN.

MANUPACTURERS OF ALL MINDS OF

Hollow-Ware,

CASTINGS.

WATER AND GAS PIPES,

ETC., ETC.

STORE FRONTS, and

Sugar and Bark Mills,

Portable and Stationary Engines,

On hand and made to order

WORKS ON LEBANON PIKE, NEAR CITY

FOR RENT.

THE PLACE KNOWN AS

THE HOGGETT FARM,

Lying five miles west of Murfreesboro, in Ruth

FIFTEEN HUNDRED ACRES,

will be rented upon reasonable terms for one two or three years. Apply to Daniel Hilman Nashville, or to the antismigned at Muriressboro octoler. EDWARD L. JOHDAN, Agent.

GREAT DISCOVERY!!

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST. An instru

ment by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address. C. B. Address & Co., jan 2m. 181 Broadway, New York.

CHURCH STREET ADAMS EXPRESS tecture Office, we believe & Williamscon's Acchitecture Office, Flans and Specifications for appared. All business commerced with permits premise afterded to Person rights sold on commission. Franch, Sammen, Specific and Italian spoken.

Nashville Patent Office,

In Chancery at Nashville.

State of Tennesser-Office Clerk and Master, Chancery Court at Machville, January the lat,

Michael Vaughn, trustee, etc., complainant, vs.
John O. Ewing, et als, defendants
TAPPEARING FROM AFFIDAVITY ILED
In this cause that the defendant John O.
Ewing is a non-zendent of the State of Ten-

SAM'L E. JONES, Pres't.

RESERVOIR.

JOHN TRENBATH, Sec.

errord county, containing about

IRON BAILINA,

VERANDAHS,

Exchange on Loudon, Dublin and all parts of Germany for sale.

The Highest Price paid for Gold. Silver, Land Warrants, Government Securities, Compound Interest Notes, etc., etc.

State and County Bonds and Railroad Stocks Bought and Sold.

The Very Highest Price paid for Southern Bank Notes.

Bayidson County Jury Tickets Hought. College Street, near Union, NEW YORK, Hought. Exchange on New York, Cincinnati, Louisville and Memphis for sale. NEW ORLEANS.

DOWN COMES THE PRICE Of Illumination!

AURORA OIL. The Greatest Illuminating Agency in OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

> Tennessee, January 1, 1868. *** ASSETS OF THE COMPANY.

ET IS 35 PER CENT. OHEAPER THAN interest
Office Furniture
Deferred Premium
Accrued Interest Total Assets ----LIABILITIES

\$3W,575.00 BURNERS, WICKS, COUNTY OF HARTFORD. And everyibing appertaining to illuminating purposes.

The following gentlemen have been appointed Agents for the sale of Aurora Oil in the city and Edgefield: Hodges & Richards, Northeast corner of Sum-mer and Broad.

Losses adjusted and not due All other Liabilities

made oath to the foregoing statement.

CHAS, J. COLE,

Notary Pholic STATE OF TENNESSEE, PRINCIPAL DEPOT. NO. 37 UNION STREET,

matte and provided in such cases: wherefore aid Arma Life Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of Insurance in this State, at Nashville, Tenn.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
Compared Tennesses.

P. P. PECK, Local Agent. HARLES RICH. OHRISTIAN KRIEG.

> M. STRATTON. H. J. CHENEY. R. P. ROY. STRATTON, CHENEY & ROY

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND Dealers in Produce,

NASHVILLE, TENN. HAVING THOROUGHLY RENOVATED Cooking and Heating Stoves, The our Warshouse, our facilities for the storage and handling of Cotton are unsurpassed in the city; and being covered with MATAL ROOFING, additional security will be afforded to all descriptions of Merchandise constants to BRIDGE, PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL

> Rope, Twine and Iron Ties, of the most ap-proved make.
>
> Particular attention paid to Receiving and Forwarding Goods.
> NTHATTON, CHENEY & ROY,



BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY AND WOOD NAPTHA.

THOUSANDS HAVE BEEN SAVED AN-ENRIVALED PREPARATION! It cores effectually all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Consumption in its incipient stages, Asthma, Broschitis, Coids, Coughs, Carards, Creup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and all diseases of the Respiratory Organs are immediately relieved by its use.

Extract from a letter from Dr. S. B. Robinson, tong a practicing physician in Murfreesboro, Tenn, under date of September 14, 1867, from Christians, Tenn

Christians. Tenn

I shull always take pleasure in recommending your Baltam, because I feel its good effects
in my system every day, and am quite sure it
has extended my life. Hoping you may succeed
in doing good to the human race, and recompense yourself thereby.

I am, respectfully, your friend,
S. B. ROBINSON, M. D. From Dr. J. W. Nelson, under date of Mur-freeshore, September 5, 1997:

Dr. Charlins Wintrams, Memphis: I have had a great many calls for your Wild Guerry and Wood Saptha, and of course could not for-nish it; and my eject in writing to you've to request that you send me a few doors as soon as convenient, and forward your bill, and I will send you a check for the amount.

Respectfully store.

Respectfully yours, JOSEPH W. NELSON. Sold wholesale by Berrys Damoville & Co., and by all droggists in the city of Nashville and throughout the Southern States. Price per Sottle, 61 60. Piesse address all wholesale orders DR. C. WILLIAMS & CO., Memphis, Ten-And they shall receive prompt attention.
A liberal discount made to the trade.

nemee: if is therefore ordered that he enter has appearance hereinnefore or within the first three days of the next term of said court, to beheld on the lot Monday in February next, 1908, and uland a new court of the lot Monday in February next, 1908, and Middle District of Tennessee. on the lot Monday in February heat, two, and pleud, answer or demuy to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing exparte, and that a copy of this order be published for four consecutive weeks in the Fashville Union and Dispatch."

A copy—attest:

M. H. HOWELL.

Clerk and Master.

W. P. Cooper, Solicitor for complainant.

jand wit THE UNDERSIGNED HEREST GIVES notice that he has been appointed Assignee of the estate of Edley Paul, of White county, Tennessee, who has been adjusted a hankrupt apon his own petition, by the Circuit Court of the United States of said district.

Jan 20 with

NO OWNER OF BUILDINGS

MERCHANDISE

In this part of the country should go to sleep

A FIRE POLICY

With the well tried and reliable State Insurance Company OF NASHVILLE.

OFFICERS: JNO. LUMSDEN, President. W. J. THOMAS, Vice President. JOSEPH NANH, Secretary.

THE SECOND

NATIONAL BANK

OF NASHVILLE.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent of the United States, it is prepared to transact a regular Sanking busiess, and furnish Exchange on

Government Secrrities, Gold and Silver bought JOHN LUMSDEN, President, W. J. THOMAS, Cashler.

LOUISVILLE, AND

STATEMENT Atna Life Insurance Co.,

To the Honoruble Comptroller of the State of

Real Estate owned by the Company, 812,000 co Cash on hand and in Bank 770,418 s4 Bonds owned by Company 861,115 co Bills Receivable 345,665 1 Bons upon Mortgage 316,460 co Premium Notes, drawing 6 per cent. 4,171,883 73 10,121 84 153,711 27 7,150 12 \$7,583,612.35

R A. BULKELEY, President T. O. ENDERS, Secretary Personally appeared before the E. A. Bulke-ley, President, and T. O. Enders, Secretary, to me personally known, and subscribed and

I, G. W. Blackburn, Comptroller of the Trea-cury, do hereby certify that the Asina Life In-turance Company, located at Hartford, in the State of Connecticut, has produced to me sails. State of Connecticut, has produced to me nata-factory evidence that said Company has com-plied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee, Imposed on Insurance Companies: and I further bertsity that WIL-LIAM D. TALBOTE, General Agent of said Company, and P. P. PECK, have also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases: wherefore, J. H. BUTHAN & CO.

COTTON AND A LL KINDS OF DOORS, SASH, BUINDS, on hand and made to order, at and below Cin-cinnati prices, for cash. TOBACCO FACTORS

GENERAL

Manufacturing Company NO. 16 BROAD STREET,

> Cash advances made on Cotton and other Produce consigned to us.
>
> We keep at all times a full supply of Bagging.
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> Rope, Twine and Iron Ties, of the most ap-

